

POLICY ON CRITERIA FOR DETERMINING MATERIALITY OF EVENTS AND
INFORMATION

Exato Technologies Limited
(Formerly known as Exato Technologies Private Limited)
Registered Office: A-33, 2nd Floor, Sector -2, Noida,
Gautam Buddha Nagar, Noida, Uttar Pradesh, India,
201301.
Tel: 0120-5240277
Website: www.exato.ai
CIN: L74999UP2016PLC228280

Table of Contents

S.No.	Particulars	Pages
1	Background	3
2	Objective	3
3	Definitions	3-4
4	Guidelines for Determining Materiality of Events or Information	4-5
5	Disclosure Process & Timeline	5-6
6	Authority to Key Managerial Personnel	6
7	Amendments and Scope and Limitation	7
8	Dissemination of Policy	7
9	Annexures	8-18

POLICY ON CRITERIA FOR DETERMINING MATERIALITY OF EVENTS

1. BACKGROUND

Exato Technologies Limited (Formerly known as Exato Technologies Private Limited) (the “Company”) is committed to being open and transparent with all stakeholders and in disseminating information in a fair and timely manner. The Company’s securities are proposed to be listed on Stock Exchange. The Company is required to comply with the continuous disclosure obligations as mandated under Regulation 30 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015, as amended (the “Listing Regulations”) and circulars issued by Securities and Exchange Board of India from time to time, including circular bearing no. CIR/CFD/CMD/4/2015 dated September 9, 2015.

The Policy on Determination of Materiality of events or information that warrants disclosure to investors has been framed in compliance with the requirements of the Listing Regulations.

2. OBJECTIVE

The objectives of this Policy are as follows:

- a. To ensure that the Company complies with the disclosure obligations to which it is subject as a listed company as laid down by the Listing Regulations.
- b. To ensure that the information disclosed by the Company is timely and transparent.
- c. To ensure that corporate documents and public statements are accurate and do not contain any misrepresentation.
- d. To protect the confidentiality of material / price sensitive information within the context of the Company’s disclosure obligations.
- e. To provide a framework that supports and fosters confidence in the quality and integrity of information released by the Company.
- f. To ensure uniformity in the Company’s approach to disclosures, raise awareness and reduce the risk of selective disclosures.

3. DEFINITIONS

“Act” shall mean the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules framed thereunder, including any modifications, clarifications, circulars or re-enactment thereof;

“Board of Directors” or “Board” means the Board of Directors of Exato Technologies Limited (Formerly known as Exato Technologies Private Limited), as constituted from time to time;

“Key Managerial Personnel” means key managerial personnel as defined in Section 2(51) of the Act;

“Material Event” or “Material Information” shall mean such event or information as set out in the annexures to this policy or Schedule or as may be determined in terms of Clause 4 of this Policy. In the Policy, the words, “material” and “materiality” shall be construed accordingly;

“Policy” means this Policy on criteria for determining Materiality of events or information and as may be amended from time to time;

“Listing Regulations” means the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and the circulars issued thereunder, including any modifications, clarifications, circulars or re-enactment thereof;

"Schedule" means Schedule III of the Listing Regulations;

Any other term not defined herein shall have the same meaning as defined in the Act, the Listing Regulations, or any other applicable law or regulation to the extent applicable to the Company.

4. GUIDELINES FOR DETERMINING MATERIALITY OF EVENTS OR INFORMATION

Materiality must be determined on a case-to-case basis depending on specific facts and circumstances relating to the information/event.

a. Regulation 30(1) of the Listing Regulations mandates disclosure of any events or information which, in the opinion of the board of directors of the listed company, is material

b. Regulation 30(2) of the Listing Regulations mandates disclosure of all deemed material events to the stock exchanges. The deemed materials events have been specified in Para A of Part A of Schedule III of the Listing Regulations and shall be disclosed as applicable from time-to- time. These events are also listed in Annexure A to this Policy.

In case the disclosure is made after twenty-four hours of occurrence of the event or information, the rationale for the delay will be provided along with such disclosures.

c. Regulation 30(3) of the Listing Regulations mandates disclosure of events as specified in Para B of Part A of Schedule III of the Listing Regulations, to the stock exchanges (as reproduced in Annexure B to this Policy) the following criteria shall be considered by the Board for determining whether the events are material or not:

I. Where the omission of an event or information, is likely to result in:

i. Discontinuity or alteration of event or information already available publicly or

ii. A significant market reaction if the said omission came to light at a later date.

II. the omission of an event or information, whose value or the expected impact in terms of value, exceeds the lower of the following:

(1) two percent of turnover, as per the last audited consolidated financial statements of the Company;

(2) two percent of net worth, as per the last audited consolidated financial statements of the Company, except in case the arithmetic value of the net worth is negative;

(3) five percent of the average of absolute value of profit or loss after tax, as per the last three audited consolidated financial statements of the Company

III. This Policy shall also apply to the events to which neither Para A or Para B of Part A of Schedule III applies but have a material effect on the Company in the opinion of the Board of Directors of the Company.

5. DISCLOSURE PROCESS AND TIMELINE

1. Any event purported to be reportable under Regulation 30 of the Listing Regulations shall be informed to the Managing Director / Chief Financial Officer / Company Secretary of the Company on an immediate basis with adequate supporting data/information to facilitate a prompt and appropriate disclosure. Any other event, even if not covered under the Listing Regulations but is potentially of price sensitive nature, must also be informed, for further evaluation to the Managing Director / Chief Financial Officer / Company Secretary.

2. The Chief Financial Officer / Company Secretary of the Company shall severally be responsible and authorised for ascertaining the materiality of events, considering their nature and disclosure requirements after taking into consideration the various provisions of the Listing Regulations and this Policy.

3. After evaluation, any one of the above-mentioned persons shall submit disclosure to the stock exchanges.

4. The Company shall use the electronic facilities provided by the Stock Exchanges for dissemination of the information and may subsequently disclose the same via other media, including the press release, website, etc.

5. Statutory timeframes for disclosure shall be adhered to. Delay, if any, should be sufficiently explained along with the disclosure.

6. Regular updates, where relevant, shall be made with relevant explanations.

7. All disclosures shall be available on the website of the Company for a period of 5 years.

8. The company shall first disclose to the stock exchange all events or information which are material in terms of the provisions of Regulation 30 as soon as reasonably possible and in any case not later than:

(i) thirty minutes from the closure of the meeting of the board of directors in which the decision pertaining to the event or information has been taken.

In case the meeting of the board of directors closes after normal trading hours of that day but more than three hours before the beginning of the normal trading hours

of the next trading day, the company has to disclose the decision pertaining to the event or information, within three hours from the closure of the board meeting

In case the meeting of the board of directors is being held for more than one day, the Company has to disclose the financial results within thirty minutes or three hours, as applicable, from closure of such meeting for the day on which it has been considered.]

(ii) twelve hours from the occurrence of the event or information, in case the event or information is emanating from within Company.

(iii) twenty-four hours from the occurrence of the event or information, in case the event or information is not emanating from within Company

(iv) If all the relevant information, in respect of claims which are made against the Company under any litigation or dispute, other than tax litigation or dispute, in terms of sub-paragraph 8 of paragraph B of Part A of Schedule III, is maintained in the structured digital database of the Company in terms of provisions of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015, the disclosure with respect to such claims shall be made to the stock exchange(s) within seventy-two hours of receipt of the notice by the Company

(v) Disclosure with respect to events for which timelines have been specified in Part A of Schedule III shall be made within such timelines:

(vi) The Company has also to make disclosures updating material developments on a regular basis, relating to the information or event referred in Regulation 30, till such time the event is resolved/closed, with relevant explanations.

6. AUTHORITY TO KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

The Board of Directors of the Company has severally authorised the Chairman and Managing Director, Chief Financial Officer and the Company Secretary & Compliance Officer of the Company (the “Authorised Persons”) to determine Materiality of any event or information and ensure that the timely disclosures of the same are made to stock exchange(s), subject to the provisions of this Policy. The Authorised Persons are also empowered to seek appropriate counsel or guidance, as and when necessary, from other internal or external stakeholders as they may deem fit.

Contact details of Key Managerial Personnel are as under:

<u>Chief Financial Officer:</u> Mr. Mustaqueem Hasan Address: R-149, 2 nd Floor, Street No 6, Ramesh Park, Export Market, Laxmi Nagar, East Delhi, Delhi - 110092 Telephone: 0120-5240278 E-mail: account@exatotechnologies.com	<u>Company Secretary:</u> Ms. Geeta Jain Address: G-111, F/S, Dilshad Colony, Delhi-110095 Telephone: 0120-5240277 E-mail: compliance@exato.ai
---	---

7. AMENDMENTS

The Board may, subject to the applicable laws amend any provision(s) or substitute any of the provision(s) with the new provision(s) or replace the Policy entirely with a new Policy. However, no such amendment or modification shall be inconsistent with the applicable provisions of any law for the time being in force. Any subsequent amendment/modification in the Listing Regulations and/or any other laws in this regard shall automatically apply to this Policy.

8. SCOPE AND LIMITATION

In the event of any conflict between the provisions of this Policy and the Listing Regulations; or any other statutory enactments, rules, the provisions of such Listing Regulations / Act, or statutory enactments, rules shall prevail over this Policy and the part(s) so repugnant shall be deemed to be severed from the Policy and the rest of the Policy shall remain in force.

9. DISSEMINATION OF POLICY

This Policy shall be hosted on the website of the Company www.exato.ai. Further, the Company shall disclose on its website all such events or information which has been disclosed to the stock exchange(s) under the Listing Regulations and such disclosures shall be made available on the website of the Company for a period of five years and thereafter as per the archival policy of the Company.

10. EFFECTIVE DATE

This Policy is effective from 21.08.2025.

ANNEXURE A

EVENTS WHICH SHALL BE DISCLOSED WITHOUT ANY APPLICATION OF THE GUIDELINES FOR MATERIALITY

1. Acquisition(s) (including agreement to acquire), Scheme of Arrangement (amalgamation, merger, demerger or restructuring), sale or disposal of any unit(s), division(s), whole or substantially the whole of the undertaking(s) or subsidiary of the listed entity, sale of stake in associate company of the listed entity or any other restructuring.

Explanation (1) - For the purpose of this sub-paragraph, the word 'acquisition' shall mean-

- (i) acquiring control, whether directly or indirectly; or
- (ii) acquiring or agreement to acquire shares or voting rights in a company, whether existing or to be incorporated, whether directly or indirectly, such that –
 - (a) the listed entity holds shares or voting rights aggregating to five per cent or more of the shares or voting rights in the said company; or
 - (b) there has been a change in holding from the last disclosure made under sub-clause (a) of clause (ii) of the Explanation to this sub-paragraph and such change exceeds two per cent of the total shareholding or voting rights in the said company; or
 - (c) the cost of acquisition or the price at which the shares are acquired exceeds the threshold specified in sub-clause (c) of clause (i) of sub-regulation (4) of regulation 30.

Explanation (2) - For the purpose of this sub-paragraph, “sale or disposal of subsidiary” and “sale of stake in associate company” shall include-

- (i) an agreement to sell or sale of shares or voting rights in a company such that the company ceases to be a wholly owned subsidiary, a subsidiary or an associate company of the listed entity; or
- (ii) an agreement to sell or sale of shares or voting rights in a subsidiary or associate company such that the amount of the sale exceeds the threshold specified in sub-clause (c) of clause (i) of sub-regulation (4) of regulation 30.

Explanation (3)- For the purpose of this sub-paragraph, “undertaking” and “substantially the whole of the undertaking” shall have the same meaning as given under section 180 of the Companies Act, 2013.]

2. Issuance or forfeiture of securities, split or consolidation of shares, buyback of securities, any restriction on transferability of securities or alteration in terms or structure of existing securities including forfeiture, reissue of forfeited securities, alteration of calls, redemption of securities etc.

3. New Rating(s) or Revision in Rating(s).

4. Outcome of Meetings of the board of directors: The listed entity shall disclose to the Exchange(s), within 30 minutes of the closure of the meeting, held to consider the following:

- a) dividends and/or cash bonuses recommended or declared or the decision to pass any dividend and the date on which dividend shall be paid/dispatched;
- b) any cancellation of dividend with reasons thereof;
- c) the decision on buyback of securities;
- d) the decision with respect to fund raising proposed to be undertaken
- e) increase in capital by issue of bonus shares through capitalization including the date on which such bonus shares shall be credited/dispatched;
- f) reissue of forfeited shares or securities, or the issue of shares or securities held in reserve for future issue or the creation in any form or manner of new shares or securities or any other rights, privileges or benefits to subscribe to;
- g) short particulars of any other alterations of capital, including calls;
- h) financial results;
- i) decision on voluntary delisting by the listed entity from stock exchange(s):

Provided that in case of board meetings being held for more than one day, the financial results shall be disclosed within thirty minutes of end of the meeting for the day on which it has been considered.

5. Agreements (viz. shareholder agreement(s), joint venture agreement(s), family settlement agreement(s) (to the extent that it impacts management and control of the listed entity), agreement(s)/treaty(ies)/contract(s) with media companies) which are binding and not in normal course of business, revision(s) or amendment(s) and termination(s) thereof.

(5A) Agreements entered into by the shareholders, promoters, promoter group entities, related parties, directors, key managerial personnel, employees of the listed entity or of its holding, subsidiary or associate company, among themselves or with the listed entity or with a third party, solely or jointly, which, either directly or indirectly or potentially or whose purpose and effect is to, impact the management or control of the listed entity or impose any restriction or create any liability upon the listed entity, shall be disclosed to the Stock Exchanges, including disclosure of any rescission, amendment or alteration of such agreements thereto, whether or not the listed entity is a party to such agreements:

Provided that such agreements entered into by a listed entity in the normal course of business shall not be required to be disclosed unless they, either directly or indirectly or potentially or whose purpose and effect is to, impact the management or control of the listed entity or they are required to be disclosed in terms of any other provisions of these regulations.

Explanation: For the purpose of this clause, the term “directly or indirectly” includes agreements creating obligation on the parties to such agreements to ensure that listed entity shall or shall not act in a particular manner.

6. Fraud or defaults by a listed entity, its promoter, director, key managerial personnel, senior management or subsidiary or arrest of key managerial personnel, senior management, promoter or director of the listed entity, whether occurred within India or abroad:

For the purpose of this sub-paragraph:

(i) ‘Fraud’ shall include fraud as defined under Regulation 2(1)(c) of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Fraudulent and Unfair Trade Practices relating to Securities Market) Regulations, 2003.

(ii) ‘Default’ shall mean non-payment of the interest or principal amount in full on the date when the debt has become due and payable.

Explanation 1- In case of revolving facilities like cash credit, an entity would be considered to be in ‘default’ if the outstanding balance remains continuously in excess of the sanctioned limit or drawing power, whichever is lower, for more than thirty days.

Explanation 2- Default by a promoter, director, key managerial personnel, senior management, subsidiary shall mean default which has or may have an impact on the listed entity.

7. Change in directors, key managerial personnel (Managing Director, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer , Company Secretary etc.), [senior management,] Auditor and Compliance Officer.

(7A) In case of resignation of the auditor of the listed entity, detailed reasons for resignation of auditor, as given by the said auditor, shall be disclosed by the listed entities to the stock exchanges as soon as possible but not later than twenty four hours of receipt of such reasons from the auditor.

(7B) Resignation of [independent director] including reasons for resignation: In case of resignation of an independent director of the listed entity, within seven days from the date of resignation, the following disclosures shall be made to the stock exchanges by the listed entities:

i. The letter of resignation along with detailed reasons for the resignation as given by the said director.

[(ia). Names of listed entities in which the resigning director holds directorships, indicating the category of directorship and membership of board committees, if any.]

ii. The independent director shall, along with the detailed reasons, also provide a confirmation that there is no other material reasons other than those provided.

iii. The confirmation as provided by the independent director above shall also be disclosed by the listed entities to the stock exchanges along with the disclosures as specified in sub-clause (i) and (ii)] above.

(7C) In case of resignation of key managerial personnel, senior management, Compliance Officer or director other than an independent director; the letter of resignation along with detailed reasons for the resignation as given by the key managerial personnel, senior management, Compliance Officer or director shall be disclosed to the stock exchanges by the listed entities within seven days from the date that such resignation comes into effect.

(7D) In case the Managing Director or Chief Executive Officer of the listed entity was indisposed or unavailable to fulfil the requirements of the role in a regular manner for more than forty five days in any rolling period of ninety days, the same along with the reasons for such indisposition or unavailability, shall be disclosed to the stock exchange(s).

8. Appointment or discontinuation of share transfer agent.

9. Resolution plan/ Restructuring in relation to loans/borrowings from banks/financial institutions including the following details:

- (i) Decision to initiate resolution of loans/borrowings;
- (ii) Signing of Inter-Creditors Agreement (ICA) by lenders;
- (iii) Finalization of Resolution Plan;
- (iv) Implementation of Resolution Plan;
- (v) Salient features, not involving commercial secrets, of the resolution/restructuring plan as decided by lenders.].

10. One time settlement with a bank.

11. Winding-up petition filed by any party / creditors.

12. Issuance of Notices, call letters, resolutions and circulars sent to shareholders, debenture holders or creditors or any class of them or advertised in the media by the listed entity.

13. Proceedings of Annual and extraordinary general meetings of the listed entity.

14. Amendments to memorandum and articles of association of listed entity, in brief.

15 (a) Schedule of analysts or institutional investors meet at least two working days in advance (excluding the date of the intimation and the date of the meet and presentations made by the listed entity to analysts or institutional investors.

Explanation: For the purpose of this clause 'meet' shall mean group meetings or group conference calls conducted physically or through digital means.

(b) Audio or video recordings and transcripts of post earnings/quarterly calls, by whatever name called, conducted physically or through digital means,

simultaneously with submission to the recognized stock exchange(s), in the following manner:

(i) the presentation and the audio/video recordings shall be promptly made available on the website and in any case, before the next trading day or within twenty-four hours from the conclusion of such calls, whichever is earlier;

(ii) the transcripts of such calls shall be made available on the website within five working days of the conclusion of such calls:

The requirement for disclosure(s) of audio/video recordings and transcript shall be voluntary with effect from April 01, 2021 and mandatory with effect from April 01, 2022.;

16. The following events in relation to the corporate insolvency resolution process (CIRP) of a listed corporate debtor under the Insolvency Code:

a) Filing of application by the corporate applicant for initiation of CIRP, also specifying the amount of default;

b) Filing of application by financial creditors for initiation of CIRP against the corporate debtor, also specifying the amount of default;

c) Admission of application by the Tribunal, along with amount of default or rejection or withdrawal, as applicable ;

d) Public announcement made pursuant to order passed by the Tribunal under section 13 of Insolvency Code;

e) List of creditors as required to be displayed by the corporate debtor under regulation 13(2)(c) of the IBBI (Insolvency Resolution Process for Corporate Persons) Regulations, 2016;

f) Appointment/ Replacement of the Resolution Professional;

g) Prior or post-facto intimation of the meetings of Committee of Creditors;

h) Brief particulars of invitation of resolution plans under section 25(2)(h) of Insolvency Code in the Form specified under regulation 36A(5) of the IBBI (Insolvency Resolution Process for Corporate Persons) Regulations, 2016;

i) Number of resolution plans received by Resolution Professional;

j) Filing of resolution plan with the Tribunal;

k) Approval of resolution plan by the Tribunal or rejection, if applicable;

l) Specific features and details of the resolution plan as approved by the Adjudicating Authority under the Insolvency Code, not involving commercial secrets, including details such as:

(i) Pre and Post net-worth of the company;

(ii) Details of assets of the company post CIRP;

- (iii) Details of securities continuing to be imposed on the companies' assets;
- (iv) Other material liabilities imposed on the company;
- (v) Detailed pre and post shareholding pattern assuming 100% conversion of convertible securities;
- (vi) Details of funds infused in the company, creditors paid-off;
- (vii) Additional liability on the incoming investors due to the transaction, source of such funding etc.;
- (viii) Impact on the investor – revised P/E, RONW ratios etc.;
- (ix) Names of the new promoters, key managerial personnel], if any and their past experience in the business or employment. In case where promoters are companies, history of such company and names of natural persons in control;
- (x) Brief description of business strategy.]
- m) Any other material information not involving commercial secrets. }
- n) Proposed steps to be taken by the incoming investor/acquirer for achieving the MPS;
- o) Quarterly disclosure of the status of achieving the MPS;
- p) The details as to the delisting plans, if any approved in the resolution plan.]

17. Initiation of Forensic audit: In case of initiation of forensic audit, (by whatever name called), the following disclosures shall be made to the stock exchanges by listed entities:

- a) The fact of initiation of forensic audit along-with name of entity initiating the audit and reasons for the same, if available;
- b) Final forensic audit report (other than for forensic audit initiated by regulatory / enforcement agencies) on receipt by the listed entity along with comments of the management, if any.]

18. Announcement or communication through social media intermediaries or mainstream media by directors, promoters, key managerial personnel or senior management of a listed entity, in relation to any event or information which is material for the listed entity in terms of regulation 30 of these regulations and is not already made available in the public domain by the listed entity.

Explanation – “social media intermediaries” shall have the same meaning as defined under the Information Technology (Intermediary Guidelines and Digital Media Ethics Code) Rules, 2021.

19. Action(s) initiated or orders passed by any regulatory, statutory, enforcement authority or judicial body against the listed entity or its directors, key managerial personnel, senior management, promoter or subsidiary, in relation to the listed entity, in respect of the following:

- (a) search or seizure; or
 - (b) re-opening of accounts under section 130 of the Companies Act, 2013; or
 - (c) investigation under the provisions of Chapter XIV of the Companies Act, 2013;
- along with the following details pertaining to the action(s) initiated, taken or orders passed:
- i. name of the authority;
 - ii. nature and details of the action(s) taken, initiated or order(s) passed;
 - iii. date of receipt of direction or order, including any ad-interim or interim orders, or any other communication from the authority;
 - iv. details of the violation(s)/contravention(s) committed or alleged to be committed;
 - v. impact on financial, operation or other activities of the listed entity, quantifiable in monetary terms to the extent possible.

20. Action(s) taken or orders passed by any regulatory, statutory, enforcement authority or judicial body against the listed entity or its directors, key managerial personnel, senior management, promoter or subsidiary, in relation to the listed entity, in respect of the following:

- (a) suspension;
- (b) imposition of fine or penalty;
- (c) settlement of proceedings;
- (d) debarment;
- (e) disqualification;
- (f) closure of operations;
- (g) sanctions imposed;
- (h) warning or caution; or
- (i) any other similar action(s) by whatever name called;

along with the following details pertaining to the action(s) initiated, taken or orders passed:

- i. name of the authority;
- ii. nature and details of the action(s) taken, initiated or order(s) passed;
- iii. date of receipt of direction or order, including any ad-interim or interim orders, or any other communication from the authority;
- iv. details of the violation(s)/contravention(s) committed or alleged to be committed;

v. impact on financial, operation or other activities of the listed entity, quantifiable in monetary terms to the extent possible.

21. Voluntary revision of financial statements or the report of the board of directors of the listed entity under section 131 of the Companies Act, 2013.

ANNEXURE B

ILLUSTRATIVE LIST OF EVENTS WHICH SHALL BE DISCLOSED UPON APPLICATION OF THE GUIDELINES FOR MATERIALITY

1. Commencement or any postponement in the date of commencement of commercial production or commercial operations of any unit/division.
 2. Any of the following events pertaining to the listed entity:
 - (a) arrangements for strategic, technical, manufacturing, or marketing tie-up; or
 - (b) adoption of new line(s) of business; or
 - (c) closure of operation of any unit, division or subsidiary (in entirety or in piecemeal).]
 3. Capacity addition or product launch.
 4. Awarding, bagging/ receiving, amendment or termination of awarded/bagged orders/contracts not in the normal course of business.
 5. Agreements (viz. loan agreement(s) or any other agreement(s) which are binding and not in normal course of business) and revision(s) or amendment(s) or termination(s) thereof.
 6. Disruption of operations of any one or more units or division of the listed entity due to natural calamity (earthquake, flood, fire etc.), force majeure or events such as strikes, lockouts etc.
 7. Effect(s) arising out of change in the regulatory framework applicable to the listed entity.
 8. Pendency of any litigation(s) or dispute(s) or the outcome thereof which may have an impact on the listed entity.]
 9. Frauds or defaults by employees of the listed entity which has or may have an impact on the listed entity.]
 10. Options to purchase securities including any ESOP/ESPS Scheme.
 11. Giving of guarantees or indemnity or becoming a surety, by whatever named called,] for any third party.
 12. Granting, withdrawal, surrender, cancellation or suspension of key licenses or regulatory approvals.
 13. Delay or default in the payment of fines, penalties, dues, etc. to any regulatory, statutory, enforcement or judicial authority.]
- C. Any other information/event viz. major development that is likely to affect business, e.g. emergence of new technologies, expiry of patents, any change of accounting policy that may have a significant impact on the accounts, etc. and brief details thereof and any other information which is exclusively known to the listed

entity which may be necessary to enable the holders of securities of the listed entity to appraise its position and to avoid the establishment of a false market in such securities.

D. Without prejudice to the generality of para (A), (B) and (C) above, the listed entity may make disclosures of event/information as specified by the Board from time to time.

ANNEXURE – C

Criminal and actions by statutory authorities/regulatory authorities:

- (i) All issues of moral turpitude or criminal liability on the part of the Company;
- (ii) All cases of material violations of the statutory regulations by the Company; and
- (iii) All economic offences where proceedings have been initiated against the Company, shall be deemed to be material;

Pre-litigation notices: Notices received by the Company, from third parties (excluding notices pertaining to any offence involving issues of moral turpitude, criminal liability, material violations of statutory regulations or proceedings related to economic offences) shall not be evaluated for materiality until such time that the Company is impleaded as a defendant in litigation proceedings before any judicial forum;

De minimis monetary threshold for civil and tax litigation: All outstanding civil, regulatory and tax proceedings involving our Company where the monetary amount of claim involved in such proceedings is in excess of 1% of the profit after tax of our Company as per the Last Audited Financial Statements or in excess of 1% of the net worth of the Company as per the Last Audited Financial Statements, whichever is lower, (“Materiality Threshold”) or where amount is not quantifiable or is below the Materiality Threshold but which materially and adversely affect the operations or the financial position of the Company (Note: Latest Audited Financials available for the year under review will be applicable); and

Legal proceedings with an adverse outcome: Any other pending litigation which, if it results in an adverse outcome, would materially and adversely affect the operations or the financial position of the Company shall be deemed to be material.